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# SECURITY ON THE MOVE



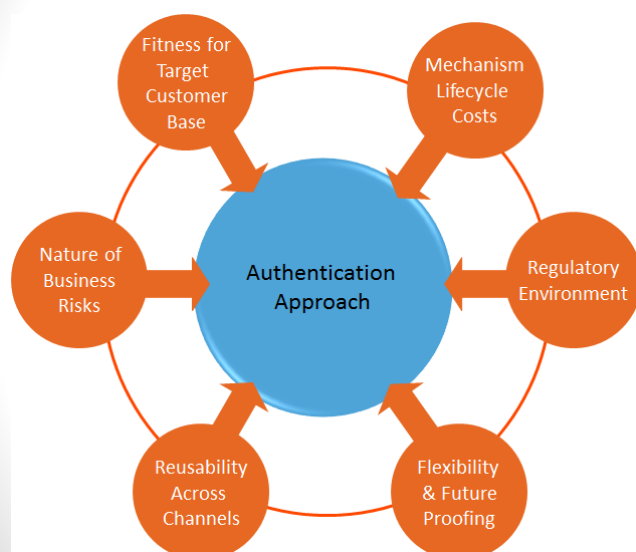
## The imminent demise of specialised security tokens for user and transaction authentication

Ross Oakley, Salt Group

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### Authentication mechanism selection



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## Where it began



### Thales Watchword II

One time password  
AND  
Signature Mode



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.... specialised tokens were issued to a select few  
for securing high value transactions

Threats were relatively unsophisticated and not systemic

Total cost of tokens and issuance was not an issue

Tokens were fit for purpose



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## When it began



**In 1992  
Internet  
banking did  
not exist !**

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## ... and the world has changed

### Business flexibility is more critical

- New transaction types and electronic delivery channels for all market segments
- Increased focus on self service for all market segments

### Risk landscape is more hostile

- Explosion in Internet based transaction banking increases the target for attackers
- Attacks are diverse and prolific and increasingly sophisticated

### Users are more demanding

- Usability is a key differentiator in e-service delivery

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... but the sad state is that many banks continue to deploy old world responses to modern threats to transaction security,

... it's the way it has always been done



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## Specialised token usage

### Transfer Money - Confirm Details

**From account:** StreamLine 1613631  
Your transaction description: Loan Repayment

**To Account:** John Smith 612351516  
To account description: Payment

**Amount:** \$300,000.00

**When:** Transfer now 5/16/2012 1:54:29 PM



Confirm the transaction details above and enter the three fields into your token to generate a one time password. Then enter your one time password into the fields below.

One Time Password:

-



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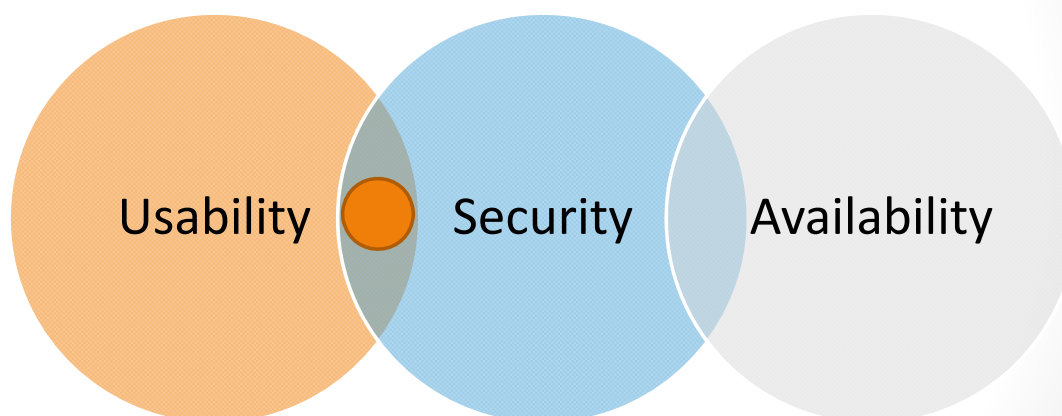
... I expect that you can see  
some problems here



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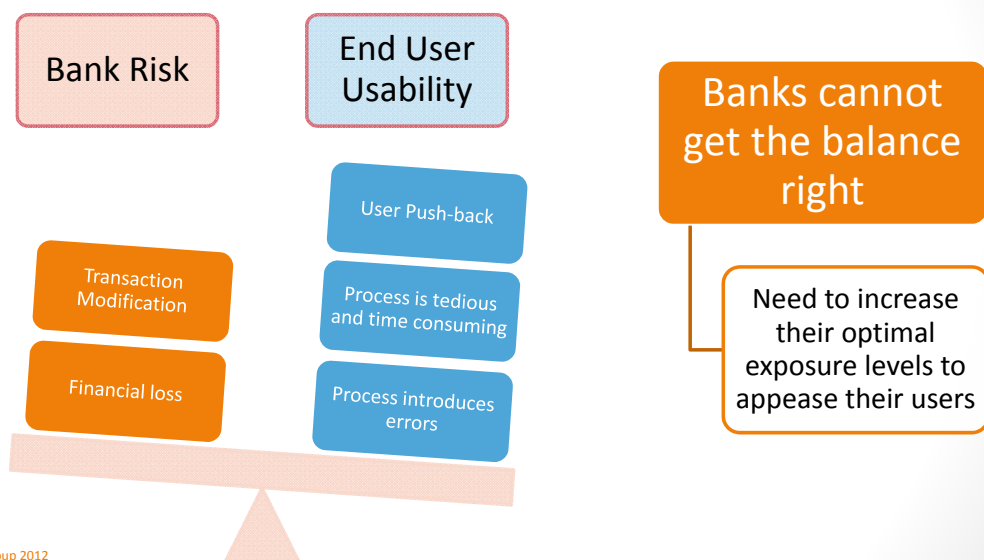
## The pillars of online service delivery



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... and the main trouble with specialised tokens is ...



... specialised tokens are a solution past

Bad user experience with input of around 24 characters required for typical payment	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>User complaints affect authentication value threshold</li> </ul>
Costly and cumbersome to deploy and manage	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Churn rate very high in retail environment</li> <li>Significant lag time between registration and fulfillment</li> </ul>
Token configuration is static	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Typically four "fields" (6-8 characters length) plus PIN</li> <li>Inflexible for new transaction signature definition</li> </ul>
Subject to malware social engineering attacks in the creation of the "field values" to be entered	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Tokens often require "real field" truncation to conveniently input into token (eg account number)</li> </ul>
Token signature does not include transaction context	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>Arguable value in dispute situation and may not include all critical transaction data due to truncation</li> </ul>

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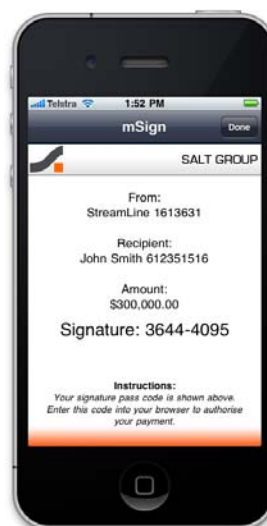
# mSign

An authentication model that addresses today's needs

High assurance transaction signing

- Brandable
- PIN Protected
- Any mobile device

Supports "What you See is What you Sign" Workflow

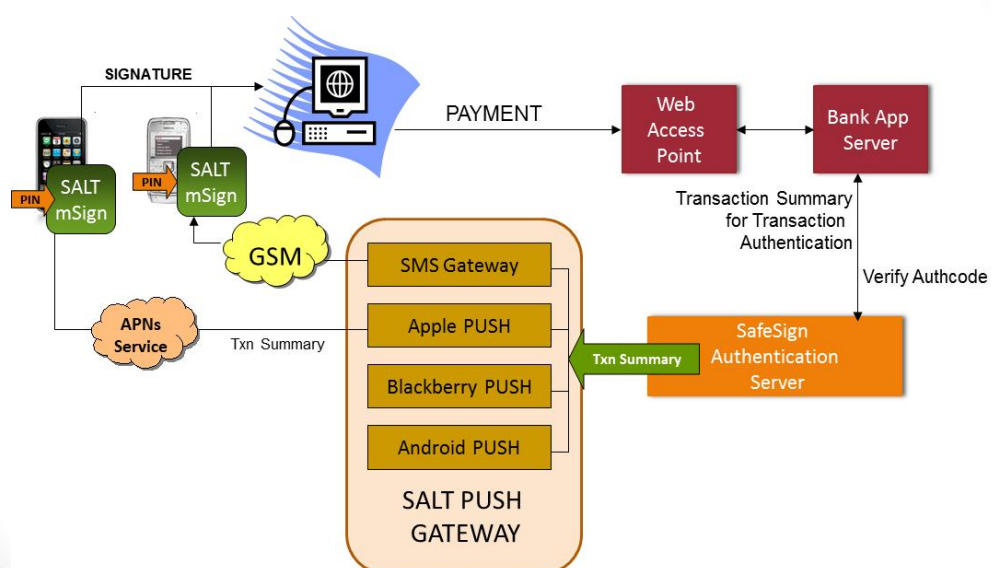


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## SALT mSign for Transaction Signing - use case



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## mSign – addressing bank and user needs



No more annoying need for user entry of transaction data into a token

- Transaction summary sent to the handset over the air
- Intuitive user interface; the user “views” and “approves”
- Eliminates user keying errors
- Faster and less error prone than security token “signature” mode use

Free format “authentication data” frees up your security model

- Authentication fields / transaction summary determined by the host application; no set format
- Easy introduction of new transaction types – no impact on token
- Context is included in the signature for improved non repudiation
- Optional policy based inclusion of supplementary data input

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## Addressing Man in the Browser Attacks with Salt mSign Mobile Authentication



The Attack

- Man in the Browser attacks modify a user’s transaction prior to submission to the bank, typically by changing the beneficiary account, at least.

Traditional Bank Responses

- SMS sent to the user for transaction validation.
- Specialised security tokens deployed to enable out of band transaction signature generation.

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## The problems with SMS



- Mobile Number Porting
- Nobody reads the transaction summaries !!
  - Banks globally say that SMS delivered transaction summaries are not read properly.
    - Beneficiary account number changes by malware go undetected
    - Man in the Browser Malware developers know this and are not deterred from targeting banks that use SMS out of band transaction summary based authentication.

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## mSign addresses both these threats

PUSH Message is not subject to mobile number porting

- PUSH is PKI scheme protected
- PUSH is to a device, not a mobile number



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... critical authentication data is (optionally) confirmed by the user to avoid undetected malware attacks

Partial transaction summary displayed

Supplementary information requested

- Determined by centralised policy based on risk
- User forced to refer to original documentation



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... the entire displayed transaction summary is protected by the Signature

Any input data inconsistency alerted to the bank

- Central response

What you see is what you have signed

- Includes context
- Incorporates user input data



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## .... specialised tokens are a solution past



Bad user experience with input of around 24 characters required for typical payment

- User complaints affect authentication value threshold

Costly and cumbersome to deploy and manage

- Churn rate very high in retail environment
- Significant lag time between registration and fulfillment

Token configuration is static

- Typically four "fields" (6-8 characters length)
- Inflexible for new transaction signature definition

Subject to malware social engineering attacks in the creation of the "field values" to be entered

- Tokens often require "real field" truncation to conveniently input into token (eg account number)

Token signature does not include transaction context

- Arguable value in dispute situation and may not include all critical transaction data due to truncation

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## mSign fully addresses the weaknesses of specialised security tokens

Bad user experience with input of up to 20 characters required for typical payment

- Signature data is received over the air with mSign
- Zero or limited supplementary info required to be input with mSign

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Costly and cumbersome to deploy and manage

- Over the air deployment and activation
- Closed loop provisioning enables token usage within the same session

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Token configuration is static

- Signature data is unstructured with mSign
- New transactions commissioning has no impact on mSign

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Subject to malware social engineering attacks in the creation of the field values to be entered

- Not applicable in mSign. Signature data is received from the bank via the independent PUSH channel

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Token signature does not include transaction context

- Full context is signed with mSign

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1992	2012	
		<p>The odd man out is .....</p> <p>Something to ponder on your journey home</p> <p>Have a safe trip and thankyou for your attention</p>
		
		

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**Visit Salt Group with Thales eSecurity on Stand 66 to see mSign in action**

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